

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTI ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. A minimum charge is fixed at Rs. 10/- for 10 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 5 p. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same adlet is not repeated more than once in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Advertisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (—) "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to refuse any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, overcharge, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Motor-driven Van wanted pay Rs. 15 with quarters. Box No. 16503. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a fully trained and qualified female nurse on a salary of Rs. 45-75 p.m. plus Rs. 10/- local allowance with benefit of State Provident Fund. Apply in your own handwriting stating age, qualifications, experience etc. and enclose true copies of testimonials to the Principal Medical Officer, Jodhpur (Rajputana) by the 5th July, 1942. (8337)

Wanted immediately office Superintendent with Insurance experience and organising capacity on suitable salary. Apply Mr. K. H. Surana, Managing Director, The Up Lift of India Provident Insurance Society, Ltd., Advani Chambers, Bhikoo Shah Road, Bombay. (16429)

62. TO BE LET.

To Let For High Class Vegetarians (Hindu) airy and well-ventilated Rooms, Bath and shops in Mahamali Building, No. 45-A, Sandeshi Lane, Kandewadi. Reasonable rent. Apply Mehtaji, top floor, same building. (15500)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Applications are invited for admission to Somjee's College of Architecture Training for Government Exams. Apply Principal, Prospect Chambers Annex, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (16501)

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow (Government recognised) Candidates for admission to over-seer class session July, 1942 to apply now. Examinations conducted and certificates awarded by the U. P. Government. Best results for last two years. Ample employment facilities in P.W.D., Local Boards, M.E.S., Railways, and States in India. Minimum qualification Matriculation with Mathematics. Free prospectus from the Principal. (6410)

Hewett Engineering School, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow. Recognised by U.P., C.P., Assam, N.W.F.P., Prov. & Baluchistan Govts., M.E.S., Railways and States. Applications from Inter & Matric candidates invited for Overseer July, 1942 Class. U. P. Govt. award Certificates. Record Results 80%. Highly qualified Staff. Hostel arrangements. Employment facilities. Nine merit scholarships. Free Prospectus from Principal. (8876)

John Alexandra College of Commerce for Specialised Diploma Courses of International Corporate Secretaries (F.I.C.S.), Public Accountants (F.S.P.A.), Banking—General Commerce (F.C.I. & D. Com.)—Shorthand Speed—Enrolments proceeding for 1942-43 Exams.—Brilliant results every year.—Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road. 16504

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale One Complete Cotton Baling Press in perfect working order. For particulars apply Box No. 16497, "Bombay Chronicle."

328. AGENCIES WANTED

Financially sound business house desire Sole Agencies, Sole Representation, Sole Distributorship of any product or commodities in Madras, Presidency, Hyderabad State, Central Provinces and Berar. Reply immediately with full particulars, stocks available, prices and samples. The Premier Enterprises, Secunderabad (Dn.). (16498)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

"Bhavisyodaya Charn" Rs. 5/- means Protection, Promotion, Happiness, Attraction, Fulfilment of Desires. Professor, Ishwarprasad Joshi, 706, Raipur, Ahmedabad. 16505

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notices are published in these columns at the following rates:

Per Column	Per Line
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-60
2nd Insertion	Rs. 6-00
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-00

Mutual advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified

THE JUBILEE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

THE JUBILEE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., has commenced underwriting fire business as from MONDAY, 6th July, 1942. Brokers, friends and well-wishers of the Company are requested to kindly interview Mr. S. R. Idgunji, General Manager, at the Company's Office in Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. Tel. No. 27302.

The Company is considering appointing Chief Agents for Bombay and throughout India, and applications for the same may be made to the Company at the above address. (Please see the advertisement on page 3.)

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on THURSDAY, the 30th July, 1942, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:

- To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st March, 1942, and to declare Dividends on First Preference, Second Preference, Ordinary and Deferred Shares, and to sanction issue of bearer deposit Certificates to holders of Ordinary and Deferred Shares in part satisfaction of dividends.
- To elect a Director in place of Sir Cowaji Jehangir, Bart., K.C.I.E., O.B.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
- To elect a Director in place of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., C.I.E., M.B.E., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
- To elect a Director in place of Mr. Dinshaw K. Daji who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
- To elect a Director in place of Mr. Dharamdas Mulraj Khatau who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election.
- To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 2nd July, 1942, to FRIDAY, the 31st July, 1942, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA SONS, LIMITED,
Managing Agents,
A. R. DALAL,
Director.

Bombay, 29th June, 1942.

NOTE:—If Dividends on Shares as recommended by the Directors are passed at the Meeting, the payments will be made and the bearer deposit certificates issued to those shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 30th July, 1942. The payments will be made on and after the 10th August, 1942. (8977)

DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

SECTION 15—DISPENSARY APPLIANCES.

Tender No. 77 (B)

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi, invites tender for the following to be supplied immediately:—

1. Gallipots, flat bottomed, nest of 4.
2. Measure glasses, 1 pint, 8 oz., 4 oz., and 1 dr. with cases for.
3. Mortar Composition 8" x 5 1/2" and pestle for.
4. Pill boxes, 1 dr. to 1 oz. and 2 oz. and 4 oz.
5. Rod glass stirring and slab, ointment graduated, 8".

Tender form which is non-transferable, can be procured on payment of Rs. 2/- which is not refundable, from the Office of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, and Offices of the Deputy Assistant Director General, (M.S.), Medical Store Depot, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Lahore Cantt. Payments should be made in cash or by money order only to the officer from whom the tender obtained. Tender number and remitter's full address should be given on the money order coupon. Tenders are due 20th July, 1942. (8979)

Public Notices

Government Of India

3 Per Cent

LOAN

1951-54 (2nd Issue)

Third Defence LOAN

Redeemable at par not earlier than 1951 and not later than 1954.

Subscriptions in CASH, unlimited as to amount, will be received from 8th July, 1942, until further notice.

The issue price from the 8th July, 1942, to the 11th July, 1942, will be Rs. 100-10-8 and thereafter increasing by 8 pies per cent weekly. This weekly increase approximates to the net interest which accrues on the securities.

Copies of the Notification and Application Forms will be available at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places, and at all Government Treasuries. (8938)

PROCLAMATION

BOMBAY TO WIT:—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the Third Sessions of 1942 of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be held before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay at the Court House on Monday the 6th day of July, 1942, at 10-45 o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences committed within its Jurisdiction.

(For further particulars see Bombay Government Gazette, Part II dated the 2nd July, 1942, at page 1191).

Dated this 4th day of July, 1942.
M. R. A. BAIG,
Sheriff of Bombay. (8976)

WANTED CLERKS

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY is offered to Matriculates or men upto that standard to serve in the Indian Army as Havildar Clerks. Starting Pay Rs. 63/- per month, with free food, clothes and quarters.

Men who have studied beyond matriculation or those who have previous clerical experience may be given a higher starting rate of pay if found suitable.

Apply to nearest TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICE:—

- (1) Lal Darwaja, AHMEDABAD.
- (2) Bungalow No. 39 Camp BELGAUM.
- (3) Esplanade Maidan, Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY.
- (4) Assembly Rest House, NAGPUR.
- (5) Staunton Road, POONA. 8933.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

ANNUAL CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES

THE ANNUAL CONVOCATION for conferring Degrees will be held on TUESDAY, the 18th August, 1942. The 17th July, 1942, is the last day for the receipt of applications and fees for admission to degrees on the occasion. Forms of applications may be obtained free of charge from the Registrar's Office or from the Heads of the affiliated Colleges.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 24th June, 1942. (8978)

NOTICE

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

Appointment of Land Valuer

THE TRUSTEES of the Port of Bombay invite applications for the post of Land Valuer.

Candidates should either be Chartered Surveyors or Graduates in Civil Engineering of the Bombay University or of any other recognised University in India or Great Britain, and should have had wide practical experience of valuation of immovable properties and of valuation of properties for Municipal assessment purposes and building construction work.

The pay of the post is Rs. 500/- rising to Rs. 650/- by annual increments of Rs. 25/- plus in the case of a married officer whose family is resident in Bombay a House Allowance in accordance with the rules sanctioned by the Trustees from time to time.

The selected candidate will be required to pass a medical examination by the Administrative Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust, subject to which he will be appointed in the first instance on probation for six months, whereafter he will be confirmed on the permanent staff if considered suitable by the Trustees.

Applications giving full particulars regarding age, nationality, previous experience and academic qualifications, present appointment, etc., accompanied by references and copies of testimonials should be forwarded to the Manager, Land and Bunders, Bombay Port Trust, so as to reach him not later than 20th July, 1942. Applications should be in sealed covers marked "Appointment of Land Valuer."

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees will disqualify the candidate concerned.

H. G. DOSHI, B.E., M.I.E.,
Ag. Manager,
Land and Bunders,
Bombay Port Trust, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay. 8949

NOTICE

E. D. SASSOON UNITED MILLS, LTD.

APPLICATION has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to Mr. Motibhai Shaikadam Vasi, duplicate of the fully paid Share Certificate No. 86673 for 100 shares Nos. 2476635/2476734 standing in the name of Messrs. Motibhai Shaikadam Vasi & Moh sinbhai Shaikadam Vasi, upon the statement that the original certificate has been LOST or DESTROYED. And notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof, no claim or representation in respect of such original certificate is made to the said Directors at the Company's Office, at E. D. Sassoon Building, Douglas Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, they will then proceed to deal with such application for duplicate share certificate. Dated 6th July, 1942. (8975)

Public Notices

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, (Purchase Branch), Shahi-bag House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

BRASS GAUZE WIRE
Tender No. MP/8G/3059

Price of tender form is Rs. 2/- per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies (Purchase Branch), Bombay, quoting tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on 8th July, 1942. (8978)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, G-spore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap brass boring quality No. 1 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date TUESDAY, 28th July, 1942, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) (8924)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JADEJA SHRI RUPKUN VERMA MASAHEB of Bansda, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property known as Napean Grange to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the message, tenement, dwelling house or bungalows standing thereon known as Napean Grange situated and fronting the Nepean Sea Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2554 6/9 (two thousand eight hundred and fifty-four square yards and six-ninths of a square yard) or thereabouts be the same little more or less and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 30, New No. 13555, Old Survey No. 26, New Survey No. 17198 and Cadastral Survey No. 233, Malabar and Camballa Hill Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3283 and Street Nos. 9-11 and New Street No. 91 and bounded as follows:

That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Darabhai Bomanji Dubash, on or towards the West by the Nepean Sea Road, on or towards the North by the property of Mr. J. E. Mody and on or towards the South by the property of Darabhai Bomanji Dubash.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1942.
MANILAL KHER AMBALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (8975)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the General Power of Attorney given by Mr. Jaques Sakal of Telaviv, Palestine, in favour of Mr. Ernest Khounik Sakal, dated at Telaviv, the 15th September, 1941 and every Power and Authority thereby conferred have been revoked and cancelled.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1942.
LITTLE & CO.,
Solicitors, Bombay. 8941

REMEMBER—

Coming SAT. JULY 11
THE DATE SCHEDULED FOR THE CELEBRATION OF THE ALL-INDIA PREMIERE OF KIRTI'S MOST EMOTIONAL PICTURE

MATA

—MOTHER—
Under the Distinguished Presidency of Mrs. LILAVATI MUNSHI.
Direction GUNJAL, Story: M. G. DAVE.

Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, CHANDRAN, MOTI, Mubarak, Urmila Devi, Bhudo Advani.
NEXT SAT. July 11

At The
SWASTIK

(Pathe)
The Theatre Par Excellence
An Advance Film Exchange Release

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MINT ROAD, FORT, (NEXT TO THE RESERVE BANK BLDG.).

Under instructions from Messrs. Ardesir Hormusji Dinshaw & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees of the property, Mr. Hurgowandas Jiwandas and others, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Devdas Rupji and another, the Mortgagees, and in exercise of the power of sale vested in the Mortgagees under the indenture of Mortgage dated 7th November, 1940, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 31st July, 1942, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property at the premises:—

All that piece of land being plot No. 28 admeasuring about 814 sq. yds. with dwelling house standing thereon situated at Mint Road, Fort, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1689 Fort Division, Municipal "A" Ward No. 1596 (10) St. No. 21, and bounded on the East by Mint Road, on the West by Municipal Plot No. 30, on the North by Municipal Plot No. 27 and on the South by 20 feet passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above-mentioned attorneys or the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G.I.P. RLY.

Under instructions from G. I. P. Rly. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on MONDAY the 20th July, 1942 at 1-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the above place unclaimed goods including:

Bags of Jawari, Wheat, Rapeseeds, G. N. Seeds, Linseeds, Castor Seeds, Cotton Seeds, Hirra, Bajri, Rice, Chuni, Masur, Toor, Urid, White Powder, Sugar, Bunches of Carpet, Cloths, Brooms, E. C. Ropes, Hemp, Ironware, L. Cuttings, M. R. Tyres, Dry Fish, E. Bottles, Gunny Bags, Jagree, B. Matting, Earthen Pipes, E. I. Casks, E. P. Cans, Tins of Oil, Ghee, Kegs of Paint, Cases of Shoes, Chaplins, Tea, Hardware, Soap, Cycle parts, Electric goods, Hosiery, Agarbatti, H. H. Effects, Baskets of Bangles, G. Chimneys, Bales of Stones, Bales of C. P. Cotton, Twist, Edles of Iron Hoops, Loose G. I. Chains, E. B. G. I. Pipes, Iron Pipes, Brackets, Plough parts, Nails, Pipe joints, etc., etc.

Terms—Full amount or 50% deposit and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 29-7-1942.

IMPORTANT NOTICE—No old new iron or steel material can be disposed of without the buyer furnishing a license or a written order from the Iron and Steel Controller.

BENNETT & CO.

9TH SWINGING WEEK

PRAKASH PICTURES' Great Musical

Station Master

with
PREM ADIB, RATNAMALA, JAGDISH, UMAKANT
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat. Sun. 12-45 p.m.

MINERVA

EVERGREEN RELEASE

ZENANA SHOWS

Today & Wednesday 12-30

of NATIONAL'S

Vijay

Starring:
DURGA KHOTE
HARISH
HUSN BANU

Director: MOHAN SINHA
Producer: MEHBOOB

SWASTIK

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Tele: 41561.

THRILL A MINUTE!

ARTISTS COMBINE'S EXCITING HIT

JAWANI-KI-PUKAR

Starring: URMILA, KALYANI, D. BILLIMORIA & HARISH

JOIN THE CROWDS AT

SUPER

DAILY: 4-15, 7 & 9-45 P.M.
Fri., Sat., Sun., 1-30 p.m.

23RD WEEK

PRAKASH EPIC

BHARAT MILAP

(Hindi)
BHARAT BHET
(Marathi)

Daily 3. 6 (Hindi) and 9 p.m.
(Marathi)

Sat. Sun. 11-30 (Marathi)

MAJESTIC

EVERGREEN RELEASE

8TH WEEK

Rai Saheb

A Chhotubhai Desai Production

LAMINGTON

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.



NEW EMPIRE

4. 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

TOMCROW AND THURSDAY ZENANA

SHOW 1 p.m.

NEW HUNS' Happy Hit

PAHILA PALNA

14th WEEK

Daily: 3-30, 6-15

9 p.m. Sat., Sun., 1 p.m.

CENTRAL

Gay and Sublime

Yet Noble & Dignified

LILA DESAI

TAMANNA

3rd WEEK at

OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

NOVELTY

Is Daily CROWDED to see

"DUNIYA EK TAMASHA"

दुनिया एक तमाशा

THE WORLD'S A PLAY

The Gayest Comedy-Hit

Starring

SARDAR AKHTAR

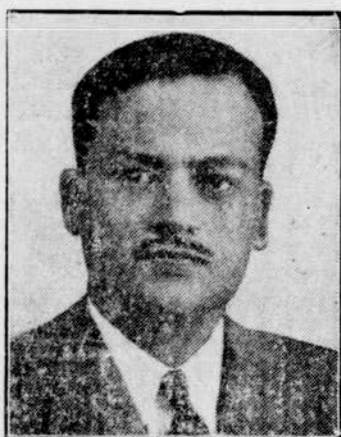
To-night's the 38th Night

Dictates of
Fashion

The Three Inch Cut.
With no hair longer than three inches,
the back tapering to even less,
this newest style of hairdressing
allows you to look soignée and
sophisticated or 'windswept' and gay
just as whim or fashion dictate.

**NUMBER
TEN
VIRGINIA**

JAMES CARLTON LTD. LONDON.



LINANATH S. SONANE, B. A.
LL. B., Pledar of Dhond, the second son of B. S. Ehanu Dadaji Sonane, the leader of Chambar Samaj, has been rewarded the title of Rao Saheb on the birth day of His Majesty the King Emperor. He is of 32 years only, is the Commander of the Dhond Civil Guard Unit, this is the first instance of a young man receiving this title.

MILLIONS SAVED
Why Not You?

If you are quite helpless after taking treatment of many attractively advertising physicians, consult at once world-famous and well experienced Dr. Z. M. Rai, M.D.H. First Class Gold Medalist who in reality is the only doctor to cure nervous debility, sexual weakness, wet dreams, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and Piles within a week with guarantee without operation.

ORIENTAL DISPENSARY
Sandhurst Road, near Diamond
Talkies,
Opp. Municipal Garden,
Bombay 4.
TIME: 8 to 12, 4-30 to 6-30.

ON THE AIR

MONDAY, JULY 6.
Delhi: I—Programme

338.5 metres (886 kc/s)
5 p.m. Ustad Enayat Khan, 57 Manohar
1.35 p.m. 5.30 p.m. 7.30 p.m. 9.30 p.m.
Khushidhai, 6.50 Barwa on violin, 7. Dada
nur ghazal 7.15 Between the lines, 1. 7.30
Erish on Jaltarang, 7.35 It has happened
7.40 L. C. Mathur, 7.50 Sohan Singh, 8. For
the Universities, 8.15 For villagers only, 8.30
L. C. Mathur, 10 Sohan Singh, 10.15 6.30
Husain 10.30 Khushidhai.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7.30 a.m. Hiralal Javeri 7.50 News in Hin-
dustani, 8. News in English, 8.10 Sadat Khan,
8.25 Alap on violin, 8.30 B. V. Pen-
dharakar, 8.45 Living News, 9.50 Marathi,
9. News in Gujarati, 9.10 L. G.
Bartake 9.20 Air Chorus, 12.30
p.m. Bhakti Raza, 12.57 News in Hindustani,
1.35 Kirted melodies, 1.30 News in English, 1.55
Lunch hour music, 4.25 School broadcast, 5
To-morrow, 5.5 M. W. Range, 5.55 G. Bar-
take 5.40 News in Marathi, 5.45 News
in Gujarati, 5.50 M. W. Range, 6 News
in Hindustani, 6.25 Local news
and announcements, 6.30 Naga An-
Mani, 7. Dhol ni pole, 7.15 L.
G. Bartake, 7.30 Sadat Khan, 7.45 News com-
mentary, 7.50 Hiralal Javeri, 8.30 News
in Marathi, 8.25 News in Gujarati, 8.30 Sports
review, 8.45 "Dot and Desh"
by D. F. Karaka, 9 News in
Hindustani, 9.20 News in English, 9.30 B. C.
Sewak, 9.45 Listening post, 9.50 News
view, 10 Ghazal, 10.10 Marathi pad, 10.20
Kannada song, 10.30 Khazal.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7.30 to 7.50 a.m. As in Bombay I, 7.50
Thumri, 8.30 to 8.50 As in Bom-
bay I, 8.50 Ibrahim, 9 M. W. Range, 9.10
to 9.30 As in Bombay I,
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
12.30 to 2.25 p.m. As in Bombay I,
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
4.20 to 7.15 p.m. As in Bombay I, 7.15
Interval,
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
7.30 p.m. Commercial news, 7.45 to 8.10
As in Bombay I, 8.10 Mummy Khan, 8.30
to 9 As in Bombay I, 9 Air Orchestra, 9.10
B. V. Pendharakar, 9.30 Maxine Sullivan
with Orchestra, 9.45 Bert Norman and his
Merry Makers.

PLAN ON LARGE SCALE MAPS
As maps depicting any part of India on a scale of 32 miles or less to an inch contain information likely to assist the enemy, the Government of India has forbidden their publication, sale or distribution whether separately or as part of any document. Any person possessing such maps should deliver them immediately to the officer in charge of the nearest police station unless he has obtained the permission of the Government to retain possession.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 8, 1908.
Muslim: Jamali-ul-Akher 21, 1361.
Parsi: Behman 5, 1311.
Sunrise: 6-7 a.m. Sunset: 7-18 p.m.
High tide: 6-27, 18-30.
Low tide: 0-08, 12-02.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Ride 'em Cowboy" 4, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Ball of Fire" 4, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
METRO—"Contents of the Clouds" 3.30, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"That Night in Rio" 4, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Texas" 4, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Duniya-Ek Tamasha" 3.30, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Khilana" 4.45, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Andhi" 4.30, 7.15 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST END—"Khandan" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
CITY LIGHT—"Khandan" 4, 6.45 and 9.30 p.m.
RISHIKA—"Sangam" 3, 6.15 and 9.30 p.m.
PARADISE—"No No Nante" 4, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
EDWARD—"Jungle Princess" 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4, 6.45 and 9.45 p.m.
PALACE—"Hold Back The Dawn" 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
HIND MATA—"Anna Ghar" 4.15, 7 and 9.45 p.m.
AURORA—"Tarzan's Secret Treasure" 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Vijay" 3.30, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
LAKSHMIN—"Rai Saheb" 3.30, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3.30, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milan" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
SUPER—"Jawani-Punkar" 4.15, 7 and 9.45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Palna" 3.30, 6.15 and 9.30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Lagna Pahave Karoon" 4.30, 7.15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3.30, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ankh Michowli" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2.15, 5.45 and 9 p.m.

LABOUR CENTRE AT MAZAGAON:
The opening ceremony of the Labour Centre at Mazagaon organised by the Indian Federation of Labour will take place to-day (Monday), at 7 p.m. (S. T.), at the Office of the Centre, P. T. Kamgar Sadan, Nawab Tank Road, Mazagaon. The Centre provides for workers a reading room and facilities of indoor games.

TEACHERS' TRAINING ACADEMY: Under the auspices of the Teachers' Training Academy Principal J. H. Trivedi will deliver the inaugural address to-day (Monday), at 6 p.m. in the G. T. High School.

FOOTBALL AT PAREL:
Two matches will be played this evening (Monday) on the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel. At 5 p.m. the Greek Blue Birds will meet the Muslims Sports Club; and at 6 p.m. the G. I. P. Rly. 'A' will meet the St. Xavier's College (2nd Division of Harwood League).

POSTAL NOTICE: The booking of insured articles for and from the following sub-offices and branch offices in account with them is temporarily suspended:—(1) Sub-Office, Sub-Office, Bhatnagar Sub-Office, Ganpatganj Sub-Office, Panchgachia Sub-Office, Saharwa Sub-Office, Madhapur Sub-Office, the Bhagpur H. O.; (2) Simri Bakhtapur Sub-Office, Under the Monghyr H. O.

GUMASTA WORKERS MEETING:
A meeting of the Gumasta Workers of the cloth market, will be held to-day (Monday), at 9 p.m. at the office of Shree Kapad Bazar Noker Hitwar-dhak Mandal, 55-60, Champa-galli.

FIRST-AID LECTURES: "Vougar and Haemorrhage" will be the subject of lecture by Mr. Burjor J. Shroff organized under the auspices of the Humanity Centre, St. John Ambulance Association, to-day (Monday), at 9 a.m. at Adenwalla Baugh, Tardeo Road. Open to persons of all communities.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSO-CIATION: The Headquarters First Aid Class will be held every Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 6.30 to 7.30 p.m. commencing from Friday, (10th inst.), at the Red Cross and St. John Ambulance Building, Town Hall Compound, Fort.

CIVIL DEFENCE SERVICES RALLY: It is possible that a few A.R.P. Wardens, First-Aiders and other members of the A.R.P. Services in Bombay and the Suburbs have not received information about the Civil Defence Services Rally to-day. The A.R.P. Controller request all members of the A.R.P. Services to attend the Rally. They should be in the Broomfield Cricket Stadium before 4.30 p.m. to-day. Uniform or armbands should be worn. Printed instructions are available from Divisional Wardens and heads of A.R.P. Services. This does not apply to the mobile services, who are taking part in the parade on Marine Drive. It is also requested that employers will be good enough to release members of the Civil Defence Services, who are working under them, to attend the Rally.

RECLAMATION HOUSE
COLLAPSE—MAYOR'S
RELIEF FUND

The following further donations have been received in aid of the Mayor's Relief Fund:
Already announced Rs. 13,331 0 0
Seth Mathuradas Vissaji 300 0 0
Mr. Ratanji Narsarwanji Lakda-wala, through the Secretary Bombay Bazaar Exchange, (from a Fund for Public Be-
nevolence) 500 0 0
Mr. S. G. Velinkar 300 0 0
Pioneer Magnesia Works Limited 300 0 0
Rao Bahadur Anant Shivali Desai 251 0 0
Mr. K. B. Vakil 200 0 0
Messrs. Fulebally & Co. 200 0 0
Mr. E. Quetta, Corn Products Co. (India), Ltd. 159 5 0
Dr. V. L. Parmar 101 0 0
Staff of the Chemical Industrial and Pharmaceutical Labora-tories, Ltd. 100 0 0
RKO Radio Pictures, Ltd. 100 0 0
Phiroz N. Motabhai & Co. Ltd. 100 0 0
Mr. G. N. Talati 100 0 0
Mr. R. S. Master 51 0 0
National Industries Company 51 0 0
A sympathiser 50 0 0
Messrs. Gourdon & Co. 30 0 0
Mr. C. F. Lynn 30 0 0
Mr. C. J. Billimoria 25 0 0
Dr. V. G. Rele 25 0 0
Mr. Valji Dhanji 25 0 0
Dadar Municipal Sewage Dis-tribution Plant Workers 25 8 0
Casta, J. Y. Yate 20 0 0
E.R.T. Works 20 0 0
Messrs. Hanasally & Bros. 20 0 0
Mr. Kaldas Jethalal Mehta 12 10 0
Mr. Norman Combs 12 10 0
Eng. L. P. N. N. Ramani 11 0 0
Mr. R. K. Gurta 10 0 0
Mr. N. K. Gurta 10 0 0
Mr. Dattatraya Deji Sane 10 0 0
Mr. J. M. Ganderia 5 0 0
Dr. Ish Salgar 5 0 0
Mr. B. S. Turkud 5 0 0
Dr. Kantabai 5 0 0
Dr. Maktabai 5 0 0
Dr. G. S. Vazkar 5 0 0
Mr. T. T. Narayanaswamy 2 0 0
A sympathiser 2 0 0
Total Rs. 16,739 7 0
Donations may be sent to the Municipal Office, Fort, Bombay.

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The Jubilee Insurance Co., Ltd., have within a short period considerably expanded their business and extended their activities. They have, therefore moved to a more spacious office premises in Albert Building, Hornby Road, where they will continue to transact Life and Fire Insurance business.

LATEST FIGURES

TOTAL LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS in force as at 31-5-42 exceeds Sh. 1,20,00,000.00
EXPENSE RATIO (Life) (31-3-41) 20.42%
BONUS DECLARED at 1st Triennial valuation on 31-2-41 Sh. 20 per 1,000 per annum.
TOTAL ASSETS as at 31-3-42 exceed Sh. 30,00,000.00
THE COMPANY HAS, WITHIN THREE YEARS OF ITS INCORPORATION BROUGHT DOWN THE EXPENSE RATIO TO 20.42%, WHICH IS LOWEST AMONG ALL INDIAN CO'S. With a continued tendency to low expense ratio, life policy-holders are assured of getting higher bonuses.
IN THE FIRE DEPARTMENT THE COMPANY OPERATES AS A NON-TARIFF OFFICE and has made full reinsurance arrangements in London. The Bombay Branch will commence underwriting Fire business from Monday, 6th July, 1942.

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The Bombay Chronicle

THE VICEROY'S DUTY

Public opinion in India is not only not enthusiastic about the expansion of the Viceroy's Council but is becoming positively hostile to it, evidently because of its tendency to postpone indefinitely the advent of a true National Government. Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, expresses the feelings of many besides Indian businessmen when he says that it is "a cruel joke to consider these appointments as an expansion of the Council on national lines." He says that the Council is not only not national but "in certain respects may even be regarded as anti-national," and he hopes that in the interests of joint collaboration between India and Britain at a critical time "this is not going to be the last word on this question." It rests upon business community at least as much as on others to see that this is not the last word. They must refuse to be exploited in the name of co-operation. They must see that co-operation is on honourable terms.

Reopen Negotiations

The feeling in India has its counter-part in Britain, too. Our London correspondent points out that a number of prominent Britishers, including Lord Strobogel, and Messrs. Edward Thompson, Harold Laski, Brailsford and George MacDonald have jointly issued a manifesto not sharing Government's optimism about the expansion scheme and urging them to take the initiative in reopening negotiations with Indians. They specifically suggest that the Viceroy must be urged to test the leaders of Indian public thought to discuss with him the ways and means how best their political and constitutional views can be adjusted in such manner as to give an immense measure of control, which they believe is most essential in the interests of Indian independence and make definite proposals as to membership of National Government. They further suggest that the Viceroy should be empowered to give assurance about his powers of veto similar to the one which was given at the time of introduction of provincial autonomy. They insist that the next step does not rest with India, as Mr. Amery would like Britain to believe, but that "it rests with the British as the foremost Government to make another effort to ensure that Indian co-operation (which should be willing and timely) should be given in this

vital front of war." There need not be any doubt that Indians' co-operation will be willing and immediate if they can co-operate as free men.

Danger Of Delay

It is quite natural that the desire for renewed negotiations should be widespread both in India and England. Both countries are confronted with the gravest imaginable crisis and only successful negotiations give any hope of speedy victory. Those, therefore, who raise frivolous objections against a renewal of negotiations are doing a disservice to Britain as well as India. And Lord Linlithgow has done the greatest disservice if he has designed his expansion scheme as a sop to give attention from a true settlement. He should at least make it clear that his scheme will not stand in the way of fresh negotiations. He may well go further and actively help them as desired by many even in Britain. But he must do quickly whatever he can. The war situation is getting graver on more fronts than one. The Viceroy should cease to be complacent as he is when in his message to the President of the United States on the occasion of the American Independence Day he says: "The process of turning peace-loving democracies to war purposes is necessarily a slow one." In the case of India at least it is not democracy but pure autocracy that prevails. It is a matter of bigger war effort. Pandit Jawaharlal states the barest truth when in an interview to the "News Chronicle" he says: "We want all Indians to have the will to resist Japanese aggression and never to submit, and we want to help China to the best of our ability. But it is impossible to do these things effectively within the framework of the present structure and policy in India. The defence of India can only be effective under a free Government with the full co-operation and goodwill of the Indian people." To-day Congress is eager to help Britain, though it can do so only on certain conditions. We have often suggested that, despite provocations by Britain, the conditions of help should not be made too hard. But there are many in the Congress whose patience is being sorely tried by Britain's interference towards India's rights. We can only hope that the Working Committee's decisions will, directly or indirectly, help rather than hinder a settlement if only for the duration of the war.

Battle Of Egypt

After pursuing the British Eighth Army right from Knightsbridge and Gazala into very near the heart of Egypt, Field Marshal Rommel found his headlong drive challenged much more seriously than anywhere before and by General Auchinleck in person at El Alamein, some sixty to seventy miles from Alexandria. Here after the briefest interval, Rommel renewed his offensive with assaults on British positions on Wednesday last. Till Saturday at any rate he had not succeeded in breaking through British lines. Indeed, reports make it clear that during these four days he had suffered losses which, while not substantially affecting his strength, he certainly could and can ill afford. And he has also lost a rather precious four days, for every hour that he is held constitutes a gain for the British. A number of things are responsible for the success of General Auchinleck. He has been directing operations personally, he is very near his main base and, above all, he has received support from the R. A. F. on an "unprecedented" scale.

But this is a success only in relation to the events in the last fortnight, a period that has been characterised by precipitate retreat through hundreds of miles from one position to another. It has been very correctly and wisely emphasised both in London and Cairo that the four days' battles

around El Alamein constitute at best a useful respite for General Auchinleck, that initiative still rests with Rommel, that he continues to enjoy superiority in men and metal, though not in the air and that the situation for the Eighth Army and the Nile Valley remains grave. There is nothing to indicate that the tide is turning or even shows definite signs of doing so. Should Auchinleck, however, succeed in holding his present position for a few days more, it would be reasonable to entertain hopes then. For Field Marshal Rommel's forces, too, must now be feeling the immense strain of continuous fighting; and, despite every possible improvisation, he is too far away from his bases for reinforcements or even substantial replacement of the losses he is, of necessity, sustaining in men and material. Meanwhile the R. A. F. is going all out as never before to hammer at Rommel's forces and his bases.

The achievements of the R. A. F. are, indeed, the best feature of the fighting in the phase that began on Wednesday. If this offensive is maintained on the present level of intensity and success and if really substantial reinforcements have reached and are reaching General Auchinleck, it is not impossible for Field Marshal Rommel to find himself in trouble. But for the present the Axis Commander retains the initiative and the situation remains serious.

An Important Event

The U. S. A. celebrated Independence Day on July 4, in the manner demanded by the war. It increased the tempo of production of war material—aircraft, tanks and guns—for that day. But it did something else also and to that we want to attach more significance. It inaugurated what we hope is an important development in the actual progress of the war. For on July 4 America went into offensive action against Germany in Europe with a daylight raid by aircraft of the American

Air Force under General Eisenhower. It was modest beginning. But "communique No. 1" is in itself a welcome event. It is to be hoped that American air action against Germany by night as well as by day will increase rapidly in scale, weight and frequency. U. S. co-operation with the R. A. F. can exercise an immense influence on the present war situation. How urgent and immediate the need of that influence is only too plain from recent happenings in the Middle East and even in Russia.

Frankly Speaking

A Serious Menace

Two more ships are reported to have been attacked by a submarine off the East African coast. And while one of them is reported to have escaped, the fate of the other is not known. But even if this ship, too, has managed to escape, the continuation of submarine attacks in the sea around Madagascar is a serious matter because of the submarine threat to vital sea lanes to India and the Middle East. How do enemy submarines find it possible to operate several thousand miles from their nearest bases? If there is a supply ship from which they are fed, it ought to have been hunted down by now despite the vastness of the ocean expanse. Or is it that M. Laval has actually given them secret bases in Madagascar itself?

Those A. I. C. C. Machines

The District Magistrate of Allahabad has acted decently in passing orders for the return to the A. I. C. C. Office of their Remington and Cyclostyle machines which had been taken away by the police during the search of the office on May 26. But was so much delay inevitable in making amends for a blunder which should never have been committed? One wonders what the position would have been if the subject had not been discussed in Parliament.

Humiliating

Mr. V. L. Maitra, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, says in a press statement that it is "a painful and humiliating news to learn that Sir Mirza Ismail should have been appointed as the Deputy Commissioner of the State of Bihar. His objection is that as a Muslim, Sir Mirza 'regards it as his duty and at that religious duty to advance the interests of the Muslims even at the cost of the legitimate rights of the Hindus so to enable the Muslims to dominate Hindu State and the Indian Government itself.' To those who know Sir Mirza well and who have same notions on the Hindu-Muslim problem as a statement like Mr. Savarkar's will cause no less pain and humiliation. Whatever may be his short-comings Sir Mirza is well-known to be wholly free from the bigotry and injustice that have been attributed to him. And we are sure he will continue to be so in his new office.

Remedying Petrol Shortage

The Bhopal Government are reported to have introduced the sale of rectified spirit usable as motor spirit in mixture with petrol. The rectified spirit is being manufactured by a plant in the State. The Governor of Bihar, too, has announced that within the next few days an Act will be published permitting the manufacture of power alcohol in the province. We do not know why Bombay is still lagging behind in this matter.

ER. INDIA & STATES MUST CO-ORDINATE

Jam Saheb Opens Associated Banking Corporation Of India

A large and distinguished gathering of business-magnates and others was present on Sunday morning, when His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar declared open the Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd., at Laxmi Building, Sir Phirooz Shah Mehta Road.

The first entry in the ledger of the bank was made by His Highness amidst cheers and the account stands in the name of His Highness the Agha Khan. His Highness, in declaring the Bank open referred to the industrial condition of India at present and stressed the imperative necessity of encouraging Indian industries, which he said would usher in an era of prosperity for the country. In this connection he referred to the vital part that a bank could play in encouraging and financing the right type of industrial projects and he complimented and congratulated the directors of the bank in having placed the promotion of industrial projects in the forefront of their aims.

FOR HIGHER STANDARD
"How could the standard of living" His Highness asked, "be raised unless there are new industrial projects." New industries meant more export and less of import. And this would greatly increase the wealth of the country, resulting in a better standard of living.

Mr. Cassamally Munjee, Chairman of the Bank extending a cordial welcome to His Highness said:—
Statistics show that in England there is one bank for every 4,000 people, in America one for 2,000, whereas in India, there is one bank for every four lakhs of the population.

Only 1,458 bank offices exist in India to serve the needs of about 400 million.
Mr. Cassamally then expressed his thanks to the Maharaja of Patiala in having to become a patron of the Bank and the Congress by virtue of its record of service had to take up the lead in

BRITAIN BARS INDIA'S EFFORTS

LIBERALS DEMAND CABINET GOVT: PLEA TO RENEW NEGOTIATIONS FOR POLITICAL SETTLEMENT

POONA, July 5.—Several resolutions touching on the various aspects of the political life of the country were passed at the annual meeting of the Council of the National Liberal Federation of India which met here today in the Servants of India Society's premises with Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, President of the Federation, in the chair.

TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS.
The following resolutions were passed at the meeting:—
(1) WAR AND INDIA: "The Council of the National Liberal Federation of India views with deep and growing concern the recent reverses which the United Nations have suffered at the hands of the Axis Powers, and more particularly the conquest of Malaya and Burma by Japan and the consequent threat to India. It fervently hopes that by pooling their resources and co-ordinating their strategy more effectively the United Nations will soon achieve complete victory over the Axis Powers restore peace and establish social justice in the world."

The Council has no doubt that the overwhelming majority of Indians are most anxious that India should take her full share in the prosecution of the war and in post-war reconstruction. It strongly feels, however, that the present attitude of Britain towards India has been a bar to India's enthusiastic co-operation in the war effort.

The Council reiterates its view that unless the present psychological conditions are radically modified by the establishment of a National Government in India there is no prospect of India putting forth her maximum efforts for the prosecution of the war.

The Council hopes, that, notwithstanding the failure of the mission of Sir Stafford Cripps, the British Government will take steps as early as possible to review negotiations with Indian leaders to establish a National Government in India and trusts that in the present critical situation, the major political parties will take a more accommodating view of their mutual relations."

(2) NATIONAL GOVERNMENT: "The Council is of opinion that the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council, announced on the 2nd July 1942, lamentably fails to create the psychological

conditions necessary to secure India's maximum support in connection with the war. The Council notes that new Portfolio of Defence has been created distinct from that of war and entrusted to an India. But the functions assigned to the Indian Defence Member are of secondary importance. The important Portfolios of Home and Finance are retained in the hands of British members of the Indian Civil Service. Another important Portfolio, namely that of War Transport has been entrusted to a British non-official in spite of the repeated demands in the country for the complete Indianisation of the Executive Council. The transfer of Portfolios to non-official Indians in the reconstituted Council falls far short of the proposals which the Liberal Federation has repeatedly urged. It even falls short of the revised proposals which Sir Stafford Cripps made in April last.

The Council protests against the unsatisfactory character of the steps taken to expand the Executive Council and repeats its view that the Council should consist entirely of non-official Indians drawn from the public life of India and that it should, by convention, function as a Cabinet, and the Viceroy should ordinarily accept its decisions."

(3) UNITY OF INDIA: "The Council is of opinion that the scheme of the partition of India into different sovereignties is not in the best interests of India as a whole or any section thereof, including the Muslims. It is not likely to promote communal harmony or achieve any other desirable purpose. On the other hand, it is bound to create greater communal antagonisms and weaken the defence of India and create many other difficulties."

(4) CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE: "The Council has taken note of the report which is current about the launching of the Civil Disobedience movement in the country and it trusts that no such movement will be started as it will be prejudicial to the best interests of the country in respect of defence and other matters."

(5) "The Council is deeply pained to learn that in the evacuation of refugees from Malaya and Burma to India and their treatment here, Indians were discriminated against on racial grounds. The Council strongly protests against such discrimination and demands that all traces of discrimination in the rules relating to the re-

Let Minorities Run Govt.

But Let Not India Be Divided, Says Giri

Speaking on the present political situation under the joint auspices of the South Indian Association and the Asthika Samaj at the Asthika Samaj Hall on Sunday evening, Mr. V. V. Giri, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, and ex-Minister for Labour, Madras, referred to Pakistan as a great danger to the country.

Mr. C. K. Narayanswami presided. Elucidating his point Mr. Giri said that Pakistan was not clearly defined by its protagonists, and that nobody knew what it exactly contained. Yet so far as the workers were concerned, he was sure that it was dangerous for them economically, and disastrous politically. According to the speaker the Pakistan propaganda was the work of upper class politicians with a view to exploit the workers and middle class people. Proceeding the speaker stated that he was always in favour of settling the minority problem. He for one was willing to go so far as to ask the majority to leave the work of Government to the minorities for ten years.

Continuing Mr. Giri said that Mr. Rajagopalachari was persistently asking to suggest an alternative to Pakistan. But because there was no alternative proposal in the field to-day, it did not mean that what was wrong in principle and disastrous as policy should be accepted. He declared that if the political leaders failed to give the right lead, labour would be of opinion that the unity of India was too great to be sacrificed, and so it was better to wait and watch till the third party had left and the country was united.

ception, accommodation, allowances, etc., of the refugees should be eliminated as early as possible.

(6) PRICE CONTROL: "The Council views with grave concern the continued rise in prices of essential commodities and is of opinion that the price control policy so far followed has proved largely ineffective. It urges Government to adopt a more vigorous and coordinated policy in order to control prices effectively and to persuade the Indian States to co-operate with it with full measure."—A. P.

Madras Youths Pledge Support To Congress

Opposition To Division Of India: Bombay Mayor On Rajaji's Obsession

MADRAS, July 5.—The true voice of India is the voice of the Congress and today the true voice of the Congress is the voice of Mahatma Gandhi. As a Socialist I pledge support to that lonely voice from Sevagram which will lead in the end to a time when the Gandhi's strength is no strength if the entire people do not stand solidly behind him," declared Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Mayor of Bombay inaugurating the Madras Nationalist Youths Conference here to-day.

YOUTHS ON TRIAL

They had gathered to-day on the eve of the momentous meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Wardha and the decisions that august body would take might affect the fortunes of the country. When the Congress had decided upon its next forward move, he was sure that the people of India would welcome with one voice.

RAJAJI'S MOVE
Adverting to Mr. Rajagopalachari's latest move, the speaker said that Mr. Rajagopalachari was a name to be conjured with and it was a household name throughout the length and breadth of the country. The speaker, however, regretted that for some time past, when the political stalemate seemed to have settled down, Mr. Rajagopalachari had placed a new sensational proposal before the country. In spite of the popularity of the man, his move had made no impression whatever on the public life of this country.

TRAGIC OBSESSION
It seemed a tragedy, said Mr. Meherally, that Mr. Rajagopalachari became so obsessed with the slogan of National Government that he had forgotten the very essence of the political situation in India. He (Mr. Rajagopalachari) had come to the conclusion that National Government could be got only by placating the Muslim League and that the Muslim League could be placated only by conceding Pakistan. Whether it was good, bad or indifferent, strange enough, his obsession for National Government had involved him in the fallacy of "Petition Principle" (begging the question).

PLEA FOR UNITED STAND
Mr. T. Chengalvarayan who presided over the conference in the course of his address stressed the need for presenting a united stand at this critical time in the history of India and said that the Congress by virtue of its record of service had to take up the lead in

the matter. He suggested that the President of the Congress should invite all political parties in the country for a National Convention and evolve a national front in order to effectively resist foreign aggression and to win freedom for the country.

Mr. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central), who hoisted the National Flag said that it was the sacred duty of every Indian to be loyal to their national emblem and to uphold its power and prestige. He also said that it was the time to bring together all nationalist elements in the country and form a common front to fight the enemy and attain freedom for the country.

SUPPORT PLEDGED TO CONGRESS

Resolutions declaring its uncompromising opposition to any move to partition India into different entities and condemning the agitation for Pakistan were passed by the conference which concluded its session this evening.

It affirmed the fundamental unity of India and called upon the youths of Madras to fight Communism and sectarianism in every shape and form. The Conference also pleaded for the abolition of separate electorates which, it felt, was the root cause for the growth of Communism in the country.

By another resolution the Conference accorded its fullest support to the resolutions passed by the A.I.C.C. at Allahabad on the war and the present political situation and declared the readiness of the youths of Madras to stand by the Congress and follow its lead.

GRATINGS TO MAHATMA
The Conference also conveyed its warmest greetings to Mahatma Gandhi and placed on record its high appreciation of his powerful stand against British Imperialism.

BUSY DAY FOR MEHERALLY
Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Mayor of

FIFTY STUDENTS RUSTICATED

The authorities of the University of Bombay have rusticated nearly 50 students for having used "unfair means" at the university examinations held in March and April last. They have not only been declared to have failed at the particular examinations they were appearing in but also debarred from appearing for any of the university examinations for periods varying from one to five years, according to the gravity of the offences.

Twenty candidates in the Matriculation examination, three in the Intermediate Arts, thirteen in the Intermediate Science, two in the B.A. and two in the B.Sc. have been rusticated.

A junior supervisor at the Intermediate Science examination has been declared to have failed at the M.A. examination and debarred from appearing for any examination before January, 1946, for having abetted an attempt at malpractice on the part of four candidates to the Intermediate Science examination.

Four students have been debarred either on the ground of impersonation or abetment. In the case of two of these four, the results of their success at the Matriculation examination have been cancelled.

Dr. Ambedkar For Delhi

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Labour Member designate of the Government of India, left for Delhi yesterday to attend a meeting of the National Defence Council. He expects to return to Bombay on July 11 and to take charge of his office at Delhi about a week later.

He has received a number of congratulatory letters and telegrams from prominent persons in public life including the Maharaja of Bikaner, Sir Sultan Ahmed (Law Member), Mr. S. Aney, the Chief Justice of Bombay, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha and Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah.

Bombay, had a busy programme today. After inaugurating the Madras Nationalist Youths Conference he met prominent Congress leaders this afternoon. He paid a visit to Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and had discussion with him for an hour and a half. He also met Mr. S. Satyamurthy at the latter's residence Mr. T. Prakasam and Mr. Kamraj Nadar, Presidents of the Andhra and Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committees respectively.—A. P.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"The Committee are afraid that it is a cruel joke to consider these new appointments as an expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council on 'national lines'."
—Bombay Indian Merchants' Chamber's statement.

Apologies of the Working Committee meeting, it is widely suggested that Mahatma Gandhi has something up his sleeve.
But our Junior Colleague doubts its possibility if only because, as he asks, in his gentle and restrained manner, "Has Gandhiji any sleeve?"

Among the important questions discussed by Their Highnesses of the Standing Committee of the Princes' Chamber was one relating to "internal security." Didn't they mean personal?

An—attraction feature of U. S. A. Independence Day was the fact that Lord Linlithgow successfully vied with every one else in offering eloquent felicitations to the United States on behalf of "the people of India." Evidently in the stress of present circumstances His Excellency forgot the origin and implications of the Fourth of July.

But it certainly was a stirring message on behalf of "the peoples of India."

Broadcasting on Independence Day from Delhi, Mr. George Merrill U. S. Charge d'Affaires in India, said: "It is not enough that we recount the saga of past achievement. It is not enough that we glory in a possession once attained....." (Our italics).

We agree, of course. But it is extremely dangerous to utter such words in India. And we wonder how Mr. Merrill was permitted by Lord Linlithgow to—but then His Excellency himself has out-Merrilled Mr. Merrill.

By the way, the Viceroy assured President Roosevelt of his confidence in the ultimate ability of the United Nations to control the ocean and air.

Which, of course, will then lead to the proposition of control over land, colonies and dependencies, for instance.

Thus writes Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent: "News from Libya is distinctly better."
Libya? Wake up, Rip van Reuter!

According to Soviet press commentators, the second front in western Europe will be the signal for closing of the pincers on Hitler's armed forces.

It will—er—yes, it will—if and when.

The German News Agency reports that the Russians have installed batteries on an island in the middle of the Kerch Straits.

Too bad, too bad. The Russians must apologise and deformity the islands. What do they mean by causing Germans annoyance and worry?

United States bombers, it is reported, are still attacking the Aleutian Islands.

This is heartless indeed. The Americans ought to have ended Japanese agony long ago.

"How's the wife?"
"Not so well, old boy. She's just had colic."
"Gosh! How many is that you've got now?"

Churchgate House Collapse And All-India Radio

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—Why is it that the news of the recent unprecedented House Collapse at Bombay a week ago was not broadcasted by the Bombay Radio? I waited for the news patiently, that evening both at 6 p.m. and at 9-20 p.m., but there was no reference whatsoever to so important a news item. Is it that the Bombay Station Director had first to obtain permission from New Delhi before he could do so? If so, such a system ought to be discontinued.

I am glad to hear that H. E. the Governor of Bombay has appointed a Committee to solve the mystery attached to this unique House Collapse. I trust the Committee will also find out which Indian Society Ambulance was it that refused to carry the injured and dead men on the excuse of caste and who were the Indian volunteers who also refused to touch the dead bodies and which were lifted by British soldiers?—Yours, etc.

RUSSA MEHTA.

Bombay, July 4.

Churchgate House Collapse

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—In his radio series "Dot and Dash" Mr. D. V. Karaka made an impressive resolute volunteering at our city tragedy a pointer to what would happen during a suspected bombing raid on Bombay (God forbid!). But there is another side to the question. However much the many did for the few, such enthusiasm may well prove a temporary small-scale affair. Years of stagnant "status quo" have made us Indians not only community and class-conscious, but also incapable of helping ourselves in a crisis and indifferent to the sufferings of our fellow-citizens.

Further—I am not overjoyed to say it, but it is a fact that, in spite of the few sporadic attempts to the contrary, we lack discipline. I suggest something should be done to ensure that the Churchgate Reclamation spirit doesn't ebb out but is perpetuated.—Yours, etc.

PRABHAT VAIDYA.

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.

New Business Of 111 Lakhs In 1941

At the 34th Annual General Meeting held on 29th June, 1942, at 5.30 p.m., moving the adoption of Directors' Report together with the Audited Revenue Account and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1941, Mr. Maneklal Frenchand, the Chairman of the Bombay Life Assurance Co., Ltd., said:

"The Report and Accounts for the year 1941 have been in your hands for some days and, with your permission, I will take them as read. The Company issued during the last year 5109 new policies assuring a sum of nearly Rs. 111 lakhs as compared to the new business of Rs. 122 lakhs completed during the year 1940. Since the year 1935, we have been rapidly developing our business in Federated Malay States. In order to indicate to you the amount of interest there, I may mention that the new business secured by the Company from that area during the year 1940 was as much as Rs. 23.80 lakhs. As far as my information goes only one other Indian Company has been writing such substantial new business there. The contribution to our new business from Burma all along was not also small as in 1940 it amounted to Rs. 10.45 lakhs. As is well known a large portion of the new business of every life insurance company is secured during the closing months of the year. The situation that arose during the end of last year by the Japanese attack on Malaya and subsequently on Burma and the uncertain conditions prevailing in the actual attack had naturally affected our business in those two areas considerably. As a result we had in 1941 a new business of only Rs. 24.33 lakhs from Malaya and Burma as against Rs. 34.25 lakhs during 1940. Further, the outbreak of hostilities in the East so near the borders of India had caused great anxiety among the people of this Country as to the possible further developments. If all these factors are taken into consideration we should not be surprised at the small reduction in our new business during the year 1941.

The total premium income of the Company during last year was Rs. 40.50 lakhs out of which the renewal premium income was Rs. 34.90 lakhs. The first year's premium income was Rs. 5.23 lakhs which was about Rs. 32,000 less than the figure for the previous year. This reduction was due to the New Business for the year being less by about Rs. 11 lakhs.

The net income from interest dividend and rent was Rs. 6.44 lakhs as compared to Rs. 5.82 lakhs for the year 1940. Though the gross income from this source had increased by about Rs. 96,000 the increase shown in the net income was only Rs. 63,000, as the income tax deducted at the source had increased from Rs. 55,000 to Rs. 88,000. The income tax payable by the Company depends on the assessable income determined after an actuarial valuation and not on the interest income on which deduction of income tax is made at the source. It is therefore anticipated that a part of the tax deducted at the source will be obtained as refund in due course when actual assessment is made and to that extent our net interest income will be increased as also the yield on our funds. The gross and the net yields on the Life Assurance Fund work out to 4.62% and 4.06% respectively, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 4.69% and 4.28%. The reduction in the yield is mainly due to our new funds being invested in Government and other Approved Securities which give rather low interest rates. Your Directors are continuing to give their greatest attention to keep up the yield on the Company's funds by the selection of first class investments yielding higher rates of interest. I may assure you at the same time that security of the capital invested has always been the primary consideration in all our investments.

REDUCTION IN EXPENDITURE
I mentioned to you at the last annual general meeting that the Directors had introduced certain measures in the Company's working to bring about a general reduction in the expenses. I am now very happy to report to you that as a result of those measures the Company had been able to reduce its expenses considerably during the year 1941. The total expenses

on Management including commission to agents was Rs. 12,00,937 during the year 1940 whereas the total of the corresponding items for the year 1941 was only Rs. 10,92,071. Thus there was an actual reduction of Rs. 1,08,866 in the total expenses of the Company. It should be noted that reduction was effected in spite of the fact that our total premium income during the year 1941 had increased by Rs. 1.04 lakhs. The expense ratio of our Company worked out on this basis was 17.63% for the year 1941 as compared to 20.71% for 1940. You will agree with me that this reduction of over 3% in the renewal expense ratio has materially strengthened our position. I may add here that your Directors do not remain content with this reduction but they are strenuously following a policy of further reductions consistent with efficiency and growth of the Company.

BONUS TO POLICYHOLDERS

As a result of the year's operation, the Life Assurance Fund of the Company is increased by Rs. 24,06 lakhs and the Life Assurance Fund now stands at Rs. 179 lakhs. Our Company's Actuarial Valuation as at 31st December 1941 is in progress. It is proposed to strengthen the valuation basis as much as possible by adopting a lower rate of interest. You might have noticed that a sum of Rs. 3.77 lakhs is shown in the Balance Sheet as undistributed surplus as a result of the interim valuation made as at 31st December 1939. It is anticipated that this surplus with the surplus that may be disclosed by the Valuation that is in progress will enable the Company to allot to the participating policyholders a fair rate of bonus having regard to the abnormal conditions through which we are passing. In this connection, I may draw your attention to the suggestions made by the Indian Life Assurance Offices Association after taking the opinion of the member Companies to the Government of India regarding the desirability of prohibiting by law the distribution of surplus during the period of the war and some time thereafter. Your Board of Directors also supported this suggestion in the best interest of Indian Insurance as a whole. It would certainly have been better if all the Life Insurance Companies in India had voluntarily agreed to act in the manner suggested by the Indian Life Assurance Offices Association but it appears to be impossible to have such a voluntary agreement in view of the difference of opinions held. Hence the Association had thought of approaching the Government for enacting necessary legislation in the interest of all insurers. If the Government gives effect to this suggestion your Directors would certainly welcome the same though they would be in a position to declare a fair rate of bonus as a result of the Valuation that is in progress. They would, however, continue to pay interim bonus on policies that result into claims either by death or maturity.

BUSINESS IN MALAYA & BURMA

I have already mentioned to you the amount of new business that we have been securing in Malaya and Burma. Our Branch Secretaries and Chief Agents in those areas remained at their posts till the last and rendered all assistance to our policyholders. Some of our policyholders in Malaya and many from Burma have returned to India. Your Directors are trying to give as much facility as possible to these policyholders in continuing their policies without of course in any way affecting materially the financial position of the Company. Our investments in these occupied areas are not much as you might have seen from the Balance Sheet. We are however trying to get in touch with the agents of these Governments with regard to our securities. All our collections in those areas had been transferred to India from time to time and very little balance, if any, was left

FURTHER BUYING ON N.Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Pre-Holiday Covering

Bombay, July 4. On Friday, the New York cotton market was steady on further buying. October opened 9 points up at 19.35 and advanced to 19.40 which was the highest level. Later on there was moderate realising and prices declined to 19.10 which was the lowest for the day. In the afternoon prices again improved and finally closed at a rise of 11 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 14 points at 20.71c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET
The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 11 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices gained 12 points at 19.95c per lb.

Both markets will remain closed today and there was holiday feeling.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Puri and Co. state:— On Friday, cotton opened very steady due to no fresh and Comra tenders previous day and some short covering spurred the prices. Around this level, heavy bull liquidation set in, partly induced by weakness in seeds, resulting in a sharp recession in prices. Most of the up-country producing centres report favourable rains inducing farmers to plant more cotton rather than wait for cereal planting later on. In the ready market, demand was dull with a tendency for cereal painting later on. In the ready market, demand was dull with a tendency for cereal painting later on. In the ready market, demand was dull with a tendency for cereal painting later on.

PRIVATE CABLES

New York October highest 19.40-14

New York October lowest 19.10-16

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received today the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Small offerings. Market steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 4.

T. T. London on:—

New York 4.02-1/2 sellers

Madrid 4.03-1/2 buyers

Voluntary rate 45.53

Montreal 4.43 sellers

Zurich 4.47 buyers

Stockholm 17.3 sellers

17.4 buyers

16.85 sellers

16.95 buyers

WALL STREET MARKET

New York July 3.

Electric Bond and Share 5 1/2 Pfd 3/4

Electric Power and Lt. Pfd. 23

American Telephone & Telegraph 112 1/8

New York Central R. 8 7/8

River R. 5 per cent 2015 51

Chesapeake and Ohio 51

Norfolk and Western R. 103 1/2

Union Pacific 59

N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis 6

N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis 1/2

per cent 1978 65

Southern Pacific 4 1/2 per cent 1981 53

Southern Pacific 4 1/2 per cent 1983 53

Northern Pacific 6 1/2 54

Anacostia Copper 25 3/8

Int. Nickel Canada 51 7/8

Chrysler Motors 61 1/2

General Motors 28 1/2

Easton Manufacturing 28 1/2

Sears Roebuck 25 3/4

Dunlop de Nemours 114

Socoy 7 3/8

National City Bank of New York 7 7/8

Chase Bank 24 1/8

Australia 5 per cent 1955 62

Crucible Steel 26 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 4.

Rupree Paper 3 1/2 p.c.

Indian Stock 3 1/2 p.c. 1931 or later

Consols 2 1/2 p.c.

Consolidated 3 1/2 p.c. 1961

War Loan 3 1/2 p.c.

Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90 Closed.

Overseas 4 p.c.

Chartered Bank of India and China

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank

(London Reg.) Closed.

National Bank of India Closed.

when communications were cut off.

Before I close this short review of the working of the Company, I wish to convey on behalf of my colleagues on the Board and myself our appreciation of the loyal and excellent services rendered throughout the year by the officers and staff at the Head Office and Branches, by our Chief Agents and other representatives. I may make a particular mention about our officers, Chief Agents and representatives who were working in Malaya and Burma as long as they were permitted to do so.

With these few words, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have the pleasure in moving that the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year 1941 be adopted."

Several questions in connection with the Company's Report were asked by some of the shareholders and they were satisfactorily replied by the Chairman. The Report then was adopted unanimously. The retiring Directors, Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi and Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivaji Motilal and the retiring Auditors Messrs. K. S. Aiyer & Co., and Messrs. Sorab S. Engineer & Co., were re-elected unanimously. The Meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

Trade And Finance

MONEY REMAINS EASY

Industrial Shares Recover After Big Drop

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
Bombay, July 3.

MONEY.
Conditions of glut continued to prevail in the short-term money market. Interbank call money was quoted nominally at 1/4 per cent, while three to six months' money was quoted at no better than 1/2 to 3/4 per cent. Offerings of funds to be invested in three months' Government of India Treasury Bills continued to be heavy and the yield declined from Rs. 0.125 to Re. 0.109 per cent per annum.

GILT-EDGED.

The local gilt-edged market ruled steady at the opening of the week, but latterly displayed a quieter tendency following disquieting war news. In the absence of any substantial demand, prices of most securities, particularly of medium-term bonds, declined. The 5 1/2 per cent. Rupee paper was quoted at Rs. 99.15, whilst 2 3/4 per cent. 4 1/2 per cent. 1961/64 loan from Rs. 99.15 to Rs. 99.14 to Rs. 100.11. 5 per cent. 1946 bonds were a shade quieter at Rs. 101.14. 3 per cent. 1963/65 loan from Rs. 101.14 to Rs. 101.13. 3 per cent. 1963/65 loan from Rs. 101.14 to Rs. 101.13. 3 per cent. 1963/65 loan from Rs. 101.14 to Rs. 101.13.

INDIA'S DEBT POSITION

(FROM LONDON BY SPECIAL CABLE.)

"An six months from now the last of the great India stocks will be repaid and British capital investments in India will be finally reduced to ordinary commercial proportions," writes the "Manchester Guardian's" financial editor. "We shall have used up for war purposes the bulk of the assets which were created by the export of British savings in the late Victorian and Edwardian era. As late as 1928, the Government of India's sterling debt, amounted to £316,694,000. After the repayment of the 3 1/2 per cent. stock in January, there will be only about £27,000,000 sterling debt left, and much of it will probably be held outside this country."

INDIAN IN LONDON SINCE 1912.
"No loan has been raised by the Government of India in London since 1912. With growing internal capital resources and improvement in financial facilities, it became possible to raise all the money needed from Indian investors. At the same time it became the official policy to reduce the sterling debt or convert it at lower interest rates. In the last three or four years an enormous amount of the debt has been repatriated by the cancellation of sterling loans and their replacement by rupee loans."

POSITIVE SIDE.
But all this is only the negative side of the process. The positive side is that Indian nationals have been taking over the ownership of immensely valuable enterprises which have been created by 50 years of indebtedness to British investors. Almost the whole of the public debt of India has been incurred in developing productive enterprises. This has had the most incredible result that India has today virtually no national debt in the accepted sense. A few figures may illustrate the point.

Imperial Bank Of India

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the year ending June 1942.

LIABILITIES.

CAPITAL.

Reserve Liability of Shareholders 5,62,50,000

Reserve Fund 5,62,50,000

Fixed Deposits, Savings and other Accounts 133,88,13,000

Sundries 2,18,14,000

Rupees 147,31,27,000

ASSETS.

INVESTMENTS—

Government Securities 75,55,27,000

Other Authorised Investments 1,19,12,000

76,74,39,000

ADVANCES.

Cash Credits and Overdrafts 8,22,77,000

Cash Credits and 20,44,85,000

Bills Discounted and Purchased 2,86,63,000

31,54,25,000

CASH.

Dead Stock 1,75,54,000

Sundries 1,22,39,000

In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India 34,55,52,000

Balances with other Banks 1,39,22,000

36,04,74,000

Rupees 147,31,27,000

Position Of Scheduled Banks

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 26TH JUNE.

1. Demand Liabilities in India 267,15,50,000

2. Time Liabilities in India 97,30,58,000

3. Cash in India:

(i) Currency Notes of India and Bank Notes 12,80,89,000

(ii) Rupee Coin 1,34,52,000

(iii) Subsidiary Coin 36,35,000

4. Balances with Reserve Bank 60,92,78,000

5. Advances in India 94,30,20,000

6. Bills discounted in India 1,46,98,000

INDIA'S CC-OPERATION ESSENTIAL

Nehru's Call To Country-men To "Rise From Slumber"

NAGPUR, July 4.

Indians at the moment being a subject nation, they could not help China. Unless India was free she could not give China any help, declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing a public meeting this afternoon convened by the Nagpur Town Congress Committee.

Pt. Nehru added that Britain professes to be fighting for freedom and Democracy, yet she denies these to peoples in her Empire. The result was that a subjugated people like India developed resentment and hatred towards Britain. That was the reason why Malaya and Burma fell so quickly. If India was given her freedom, Indians would fight with the same zeal and enthusiasm as the Chinese and Russians. For a present-day war, a nation's full co-operation was essential. The present Government of India could not get that co-operation.

Pandit Nehru proceeding said that the Government continued to follow their peace-time policy of sowing seeds of disunity which became evident from the Cripps proposals.

HIT AT JINNAH

Pandit Nehru added that unfortunately Mr. Jinnah's whole attention was towards British Government. He wanted the British Government to do everything for him. The same attitude was being adopted by the Mahasabha. For the sake of our own freedom, and for the good of the world we should decide what we should do now. In a world where revolutionary changes were taking place, Indians could not remain aloof. He wanted India to rise from its slumber even if 10 to 15 lakhs of people had to die. They must be ready for big sacrifices.

Pandit Nehru has left for Seagram, A.P.

Satyamurthi Not Going To Wardha

MADRAS, July 4.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M.L.A. (Central), who was specially invited by the President of the All-India Congress Working Committee to attend the forthcoming meeting of the Committee at Wardha has now been prohibited by his doctors from doing so, owing to his present state of health. The doctors examined cardiogram of his heart and are of opinion that any exertion or excitement now may cause serious injury. They have advised him to take complete rest for at least one more month.

Mr. Satyamurthi has accordingly sent the following telegram to Mahatma Abul Kalam Azad:—

"Doctors prohibit journey. Hence reluctantly cancelled journey. Please accept apology and convey the same to the Working Committee. Unity, supreme need of hour. Mahatmaji and you must give united lead. That will alone ensure victory. Nothing else will. Rajaji's rebellion must be sternly put down. That is Tamil Nadu Congress unanimous request"—A. P.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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CHARLIE CHAN



Big Sweep From Leningrad To Rostov Imminent

HITLER'S DESPERATE ALL-OUT OFFENSIVE

Terrific Non-Stop Battles Rage On Kursk Front

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent) MOSCOW, July 5. THE whole Eastern Front from Leningrad to Rostov is a smouldering volcano ready to flare up with the greatest violence anywhere and at any time now. Clear evidence of this is in the determined, though shortlived, onslaught made by the Germans at Gzhatsk last week—the nearest point to Moscow—and an important engagement which had been going on since Friday somewhere on the Kalinin Front.

The Half-Column "Dim"

Congratulations to the Chief Justice of Lahore. In order that I should not misquote anything I produce in toto the message from Lahore.

"Certain remarks against Indians made by Mr. K. D. Rogers, L.C.S., Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Pind Dadar Khan, in the course of a judgment to which objection was taken by the Sessions Judge, Jhelum, were ordered to be expunged from the judgment by Mr. Justice Din Mohammad of the Lahore High Court to-day.

His Lordship of his own accord took objection to another passage in the judgment and ordered its expungement. The passage reads: "I have gone into this case in considerable details, as it reveals many features which must be observed if Indians are to develop that sense of general and civic responsibility and integrity which alone can entitle them to the right to be called a civilised people."

Commenting on this passage His Lordship observed: "This evidently implies that in the opinion of this Magistrate, Indians have not yet developed a sense of general and civic responsibility, they are devoid of integrity and they cannot in fairness claim to be called a civilised people."

"These remarks, to say the least, are most ill-advised and indiscreet. Even if he seriously entertained this view, experience alone should have taught him not to give expression to it in a judicial pronouncement as it was likely to wound the feelings of millions of people who constitute one-fifth of the human race, more especially at a time when provincial Governments are being efficiently run by Indian Ministers; other high offices of State are being equally efficiently occupied by Indians.

There is already on the tapis a proposal to Indianise the Central Government and these very persons, whom he does not consider entitled to be called a civilised people so far, are shedding their precious blood to maintain the integrity and solidarity of the British Empire and to keep the British flag flying in every nook and corner of the world."

ON KALININ FRONT

An important battle is taking place somewhere in the Kalinin front (north-west of Moscow and reaching in some places into White Russia). The Germans have been making repeated infantry attacks supported by tanks and massed planes, it was revealed to-day. Fighting went on yesterday in torrential rain. Giving ground at one time before German pressure, Soviet troops made several counter-attacks and recaptured several villages previously held by enemy. Over 2,000 German corpses litter the battlefield.

Life Or Death For Soviet

Throughout the Spring both sides have been resting on this front and while not figuring much in 'communiqués', many actions have been fought here. The Germans have driven some wedges into the Soviet defence lines on one sector, but none very deep, and in some places the Germans have been flung back again. The main interest attaching to the Gzhatsk and Kalinin operations is that they show that the Germans are anxious about the Soviet's Command's exact intentions. The view taken in some quarters here is that actions in this area are largely preventive.

The German offensive is gathering momentum on the whole, despite heavy losses at Kursk and further south. The Red Army's situation at Byelgorod is somewhat difficult owing again to the Germans' ability to mass local superiority on a narrow front. It is clear that the time has gone when Soviet armies could afford to fight merely retreating battles. Abandonment of territory is no longer a sound strategic operation.

This explains why the Germans are only able to make costly local advances while the Red Army grows stronger in fighting technique as in equipment and tanks.

The "L'vestin" nevertheless warns: "As on the first day of the war it is still a question of life or death for the Soviet State and people."

The Germans are meeting with determined resistance on a sector of the Kursk Front where Soviet troops yesterday withdrew to new line and where the Germans are now doing their utmost to exploit the advance, writes Reuter's special correspondent. This is the only part of the Kursk Front where the enemy has made any noticeable progress. Everywhere from Kursk to Vochansk fighting is on a giant scale and goes on by night as well as day.

The chief feature of Saturday's Kursk fighting was a German onslaught on the central sector

with five infantry, four tank and two motorised divisions. A breakthrough at some points resulted, but energetic counter-attacks from the Soviet side blocked the German movement. The Germans aimed at important rear communications, but failed in their objective.

Held up in the centre, the Germans switched tank pressure to the northern flank where they were met by the mass fire of Soviet tanks in action. After big losses the Germans were ruled back to their initial positions. Soviet forces recaptured four villages in the northern sector, annihilating two German infantry regiments.

Another sector of the Kursk Front was attacked by one division of motorised infantry and 100 tanks. An aggressive riposte by Soviet defenders destroyed 30 of these tanks and killed 1,200 Germans, the remainder of whom were forced to retire. Yet another Soviet sector was fiercely attacked four times by a mass of 150 tanks. Withering fire met the tanks whose formations were broken up.

The German tanks were seen rushing hither and thither in confusion and finally withdrew leaving fifty tanks destroyed.

On Byelgorod Front

On the Byelgorod Front the German pressure is increasing. In some places where German numerical superiority is reported by the "Red Star" to be overwhelming, Soviet defenders are being very hard pressed and the situation is "complicated" and difficult. The German Command is attempting to strike north-eastwards in an attempt to join hands with the German troops fighting on the Kursk flank. One large populated point has had to be abandoned after the heaviest fighting in which troops of all arms participated on both sides.

TERRIFIC ARTILLERY DUEL
Very fierce fighting continued day and night in the Byelgorod-Volchansk sectors, writes the "Pravda" correspondent from the Kursk-Kharkov front on Sunday. A terrific artillery duel is taking place along the front, for many miles. Strong forces of tanks, infantry and aircraft of both sides are taking part in the battle. The Red Army is inflicting heavy losses on the enemy and making effective counter-attacks.

NAZIS PAY HEAVY PRICE

"Hundreds of tanks and aircraft and tens of thousands of officers and men have been the price paid by the Germans for the offensive started on the Kharkov sector in May. Heavy losses sustained by the Germans have compelled them to draw heavily from reserves not only from the rear but from other sectors of the front. The Soviet air force destroyed 42 German tanks in one day's fighting.

In one narrow sector of the front yesterday over 1,200 German officers and men were killed. At a terrific cost the Germans succeeded in forcing a way across the river. A group of Soviet aircraft delivered a sudden attack and completely frustrated the enemy's plans."

Fierce Engagements

MOSCOW: Today's midday Soviet communiqué states: "Our troops fought fierce engagements in the Kursk, Volchansk and Byelgorod directions during the night of July 4. On other sectors of the front no material changes took place."

PARTIAL 'HARTAL' IN NAGPUR

NAGPUR, July 5. Partial Hartal was observed in Nagpur to-day to protest against high prices of grain and other articles in the city. The Hartal was organised by the Textile Union.

INDIA'S NEW CHAPTER IN NATIONAL LIFE

Mahatma On Implications Of Free India And Presence Of British Soldiers

AHMEDABAD, July 5. "I HAVE TO PAY A HEAVY PRICE FOR HAVING DRAWN UP A FREE INDIA WITHOUT A SINGLE BRITISH SOLDIER."

Thus writes Mahatma Gandhi in "Harijan". He adds "friends are confounded now to discover that my proposal admits of the presence of British and even American troops under any circumstance at all. In vain do I argue that the Allied troops if they remain, will do so not to exercise authority over the people, or at India's expense, but they will remain under Treaty with the Government of a Free India at the United Nations' expense for the sole purpose of repelling Japanese attack and helping China.

It has been pointed out that not to consent to the Allied troops remaining in India during the period of the war, is to hand over India and China to Japan, and to ensure the defeat of the Allied powers. This could never have been contemplated by me. The only answer, therefore, to give was to ensure the presence of the troops, but under circumstance the reverse of the existing. They will remain under permission of a Free India and not at all in the role of masters but of friends.

"TURNING POINT IN WAR"
My proposal presupposes the ending of all fear and distrust. I have confidence in ourselves, we need neither fear nor suspect the presence of Allied troops.

May I suggest also that it is altogether premature and wrong to pore over the weakest points of a very difficult project which may not be accepted even with the troops remaining in India. It will be most assuredly an event of the century and may be a turning point in the war. If Britain can honestly perform the act of renouncing India with all that the renunciation would mean. The virtue and the value of the renunciation in my opinion will not be affected in the least, because the Allied troops will be operating India with the sole object of preventing Japanese attack. After all India must be interested as the Allies in warding off the attack, and yet under my proposal India will not have to pay a single pice over the expenses of the troops.

"AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL"

As I have already said in the previous issue of "Harijan", the British acceptance of my proposal may itself lead to a most honourable peace and hence automatic withdrawal of the troops. I would therefore ask the doubters to concentrate their attention upon the grandeur of the proposed renunciation and help to the utmost of the power the fruition of the great act. Let them not dread the presence of the troops in India for the purpose indicated, but regard it as an inevitable part of the proposal so as to make it not only justifiable but fool-proof. So far as I can see a free India will run no risk by their presence. Her freedom will certainly suffer no diminution thereby.

The implications of my proposal are:

- (1) India becomes free of all financial obligation to Britain;
- (2) The annual drain to Great Britain stops automatically;
- (3) All taxation ceases except what the replacing Government imposes or retains.

(4) The deadweight of an all-powerful authority keeping under subjection the tallest in the land is lifted at once;

INDIA'S NEW CHAPTER

(5) In short, India begins a new chapter in her national life, as I shall hope to affect the fortunes of the war with non-violence as her predominant sanction. This non-violence will no longer take the shape of non-cooperation and the like. It will exorcise itself in her Ambassadors going to the Axis Powers not to beg for peace, but to show them the futility of war for achieving an honourable end. This can only be done if and when Britain sheds the rains of perhaps the most organized and successful violence the world has seen.

All this may not come to pass. I do not mind. It is worth fighting for, it is worth staking all that the nation has.—A. P.

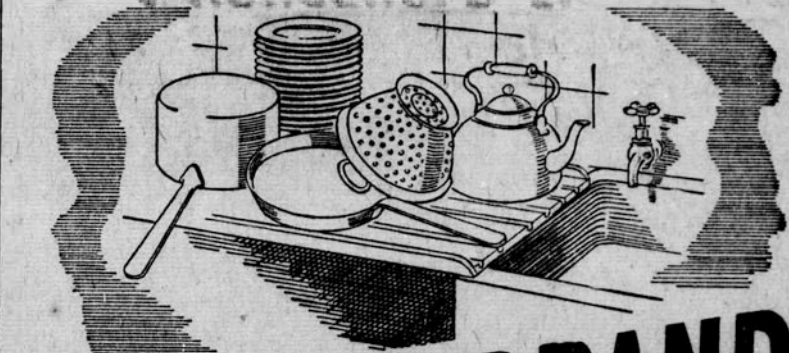
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BADSHAH KHAN'S POPULARITY

AHMEDABAD, July 5. Quoting the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee's resolution warning the public against the false propaganda carried on against Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan" under the caption "Badshah Khan's popularity." "The Frontier Provincial Congress Committee has done well to pass the resolution and circulate the note. But Badshah Khan's reputation rests on much more solid ground than the resolution of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee. It rests on the strength of selfless service rendered for nearly a quarter of a century and the affection of the people won through that service."

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